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34. *Greening the Desert*, ¶ a, at 4.
35. *Id.* See a Piccchi, A., Rural America's "Brain Drain": How Student Debt is Emptying Small Towns, *CBS News* (Jan 21, 2019); Chief Justice Says Student Loan Debt an Impediment to Lawyers Landing in Rural Iowa, *Radiolab* (Jan 28, 2022)(noting that pay in rural communities is often less while law school debt remains the same).
36. *Public Defense Primer*, at 11 (2021).
37. Fouts, M., An Afternoon in the Life of a Rural Prosecutor, *Texas A&M Law Review* (2011).
38. Kittay, D., Success on the Horizon? New Efforts to Increase Rural Access to Justice, *Baldwin Law Review*, Vol. 47, No. 5 (May 1, 2022).
39. *Greening the Desert*, ¶ a, at 6.
40. *Id.*
41. *Public Defense Primer*, ¶ a, at 11, 22.
42. *Id.*
43. Parlier, A., Galvin, S. L., Thach, S., Kruidenier, D., Fagan, E.B., The Road to Rural Primary Care: A Narrative Review of Factors That Help Develop, Recruit, and Retain Rural Primary Care Physicians, *Academic Medicine*, Vol. 93, Issue 1, at 131 (Jan 2018).
44. Texas A&M University, Rural Student Success Initiative (2022). See a Program Helping Rural Students with Higher Education, *AgriLife Today* (Nov. 4, 2021).
45. Gettinger, A., A Big Reason Rural Students Never Go to College: Colleges Don't Recruit Them, *The Hechinger Report* (Mar. 6, 2019).
46. See Rural Student Success Initiative and Program Helping Rural Students, ¶ a.
47. West Texas Rural Education Partnership Summit, *Texas Tech University*, *College of Education* (2022); Stein, R., Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift to Continue Addressing Rural Teacher Shortage, *Texas Tech University*, *College of Education* (May 10, 2022).
48. See Rural Student Success Initiative, ¶ a; Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift, ¶ a.
49. Ralston, J., Paying a Path, *Texas A&M Law Review* *Supplement Magazine* (2021). See a Texas Tech Receives \$1.5M Gift, ¶ a.
50. *Id.*
51. Grow Your Own Grant Program, *Texas Education Agency* (2022). For examples of Texas programs, see Texas Education Agency, TEA Awards 2019-2021 Grow Your Own Cycle 2 Grants, (2019).
52. *Id.*
53. Sakariassen, A., *Grow Your Own Teacher Pipeline*, *Marathon Press* (2021).
54. *Grow Your Own*, *Texas Education Agency* (2022).
55. Program helping rural students with higher education, *Texas A&M AgriLife Today* (November 4, 2021).
56. Physician Shortage Area Program, *Thomas Jefferson University*, *Sideline Medicine* *Magazine* (2022).
57. *Id.*
58. *Id.*
59. *Id.*

60. Fast-Track Your Health Career Through the Rural Health Opportunities Program (RHOP), *Wa e State College* (2022).
61. *Id.*
62. Keenan, J., Report: Work Needed to Build Rural Health Workforce, *U i e f Nebraska Medical Center* (Jun. 16, 2022).
63. Rural Law Opportunities Program, *Nebraska College of Law* (2022); Wayne State and Chadron State Rural Law Opportunities Program Receives American Bar Association Brown Select Award, *Wa e State College* (Jan. 17, 2018).
64. Rural Legal Practice Initiative, *Kansas State University* (2022); Rural Law, *Washington University* (2022).
65. New York State Bar Association (NYSBA), Report & Recommendations of the Task Force on Rural Justice: Interventions to Ameliorate the Access-to-Justice Crisis in Rural New York, at 25 (Apr. 2020).
66. Recruiting Rural Law Students, *The University of North Carolina at Charlotte* (December 15, 2020).
67. .....





111. See generally ~~MCID 2097~~ ~~BDC 0 0 1 84.6959 366.560oT~~.....

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133. *Id.*
134. *Id.* Rural public defenders who previously had private practices report that the structure and support of a public defender office made them better advocates.
135. *Id.*
136. Legislative Appropriations Request to the 88th Legislature (FY24 - 25), <sup>1</sup>a.
137. Country Justice in Texas, *Dea* <sup>1</sup>*di i a* <sup>1</sup>*nce Ref* <sup>1</sup>*Ce* <sup>1</sup>*a* (2022).
138. TIDC, *System Building* (2022).
139. Rural-Urban Continuum Codes, <sup>1</sup>a.
140. *Id.*
141. See note 14, <sup>1</sup>a.
142. To be classified in categories 5-9 of the RUCC a county must meet two requirements. First, it must be considered 'non-metropolitan' by the United States Office of Management and Budget. To meet this requirement, the county may not contain any urban center over 50,000 people, nor may more than 25% of its population regularly commute to or from a county with such an urban center. (One hundred and seventy-two Texas counties are non-metropolitan; these range from RUCC codes 4 through 9.) Second, a county must not contain any urban center with a population of 20,000 or more or be adjacent to another metropolitan county.
143. County Population Totals: 2020-2021, <sup>1</sup>a.
144. See *Tex. Gov't Code Ann.* § 81.115 (2017).